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NUT/NUT MICROSLIDE® TECHNICAL DOCUMENT



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NUT/NUT

CODE: M-NUT/NUT

USE

Isolation and differentiation of Gram (-) enteric bacilli.

APPLICATION

In total coliform testing (TCC), the coliform organisms tested for include: total coliform, fecal coliform, and E. coli (*Escherichia coli*). Detection of fecal coliforms (a subset of total coliforms) or *Escherichia coli* (a subset of fecal coliforms) can indicate the potential presence of waterborne pathogens associated with fecal contamination¹.

PADDLE AGARS



Side 1&2: Nutrient-TTC Agar (NUT) – (Color: Yellow) General purpose (relatively non-selective) medium, which will support the growth of a wide variety of organisms. Suitable for cultivation of both aerobes and anaerobes. Aerobic coliform bacteria can be detected by their ability to reduce the TTC dye to a red-colored formozan dye. Bacterial colonies appear as red dots on an otherwise yellow medium.

Note: The Nutrient-TTC agar color is normally light yellow when the agar is cast. After testing, during the incubation phase, the agar may change to a light green color. This color change is a result of either a microbial-induced or chemically-induced pH change in the media. This color change alone does not indicate the presence of microorganisms. Development of red spots or other growth on the agar are an indication of microorganisms.

*Note: Side 1 of each paddle is marked with an indented laser line.

STORAGE / EXPIRATION

Microslides[®] should be stored tightly sealed (unopened) in a cool, dry location at room temperature (18 - 25°C; 65 - 77°F). Temperature fluctuations may result in condensation settling at the bottom of the vial, although this does not affect culture properties, it could reduce the shelf-life or cause the agar to separate from the plastic paddle support. Refer to 'Best Before End date' (SEE: BBE stamped on vial).

Avoid sudden temperature changes. Shield from direct sunlight. Do not allow paddles to freeze. Do not store in a refrigerator (~44°F / 10°C) or at temperatures exceeding 80°F; 27°C. Refrigeration may result in water condensation. Discard if paddle agar appears oxidized (darkened from expected color) or if contaminants appear. Expiry applies to medium in its intact container when stored as directed.

AGAR VERIFICATION

¹ United States Pharmacopeial Convention. 2007. The United States pharmacopeia, 31st ed., Amended Chapters 61, 62, 111. The United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Rockville, MD.

For *in vitro* diagnostic use only. This product should be used only by adequately trained personnel with knowledge of microbiological techniques in the laboratory. © Precision Laboratories, Inc. All rights reserved.

These agars have been verified by <u>EMSL Analytical, Inc.</u> using *E. coli* and *E. faecalis* cultures. Documentation available upon request.

SAMPLING

SURFACE Sampling Protocol

- 1. Remove the paddle from the vial. Do not touch the agar surfaces.
- 2. To assure an accurate area recovery, contact the paddle to 20²cm of the surface by contacting the surface twice in separate 10²cm areas.
- 3. Replace paddle in vial.
- 4. Incubate.

LIQUID Sampling Protocol

DIRECT IMMERSION PROTOCOL - low viscous liquids

- 1. Mix liquid test sample.
- 2. Remove the paddle from the vial. Do not touch the agar surfaces.
- 3. When taking the sample:
 - Pour 40mL of the sample into the vial (to the printed horizontal fill line; see right). Dip the paddle into the 40mL volume liquid in the vial. Maintain a contact time of at least 15 seconds (30 seconds optimal). Both agar surfaces must be completely contacted.



- b. Or dip the paddle into the sample directly. Maintain a contact time of at least 15 seconds (30 seconds optimal). Both agar surfaces must be completely contacted.
- 4. Allow excess fluid to drain off both paddle agar surfaces.
- 5. Replace paddle in vial.
- 6. Incubate.

SPREAD Protocol – high viscous liquids

- 1. Mix liquid test sample.
- 2. Remove paddle from vial. Do not touch the agar surfaces.
- 3. Holding the contact agar surface on a horizontal plane, deposit volume as a single drop approximately 1cm from the handle boundary (Figure 1).
- 4. Position a sterile glass rod on the "handle" side of the drop and bring it into contact with the drop creating a meniscus. Drag the glass tube over the paddle agar surface.
- 5. Replace paddle in vial.
- 6. Incubate.

Figure 1

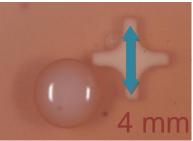
INCUBATION

Incubation of Paddle Growth	Incubation Temperature	Examine at:
Yeast / Mold	25 to 30°C	48 hours up to 120 hours (5 days)
Yeast / Mold	Room Temperature	Up to 7 days
Total Coliform / Bacteria	35 ± 2°C	24 to 48 hours
Total Coliform / Bacteria	Room Temperature	Up to 5 days

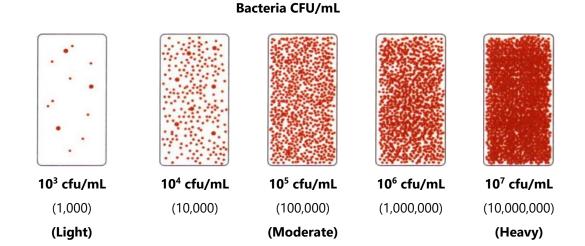
Note: Incubation of bacteria after 48 hours may produce confluent growth making enumeration more difficult.

COLONY MEASURING

Each Microslide[®] paddle has molded media attachment points that are 4mm in length (point-to-point). This feature provides a useful guidepost to estimating nearby colony size.



ENUMERATION

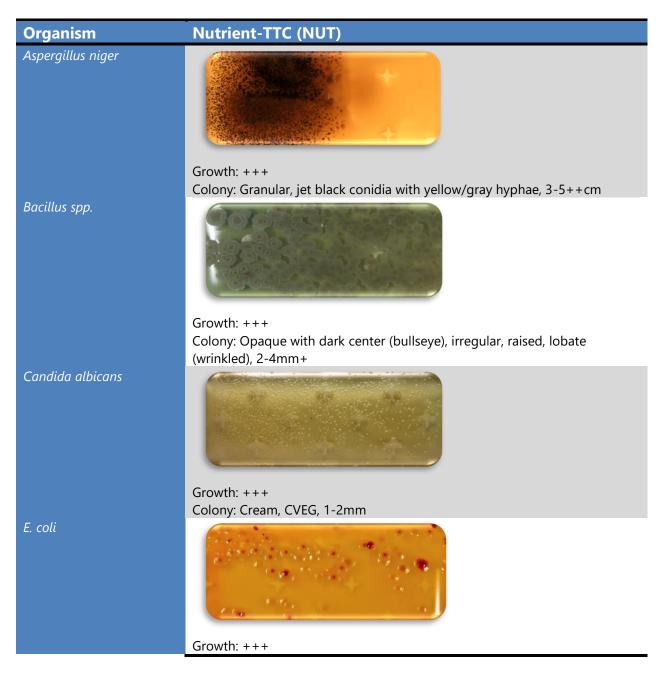


Note: Estimation of lower counts is possible, but statistically difficult to justify. Use Light, Moderate and Heavy for Mold growth and surface testing.

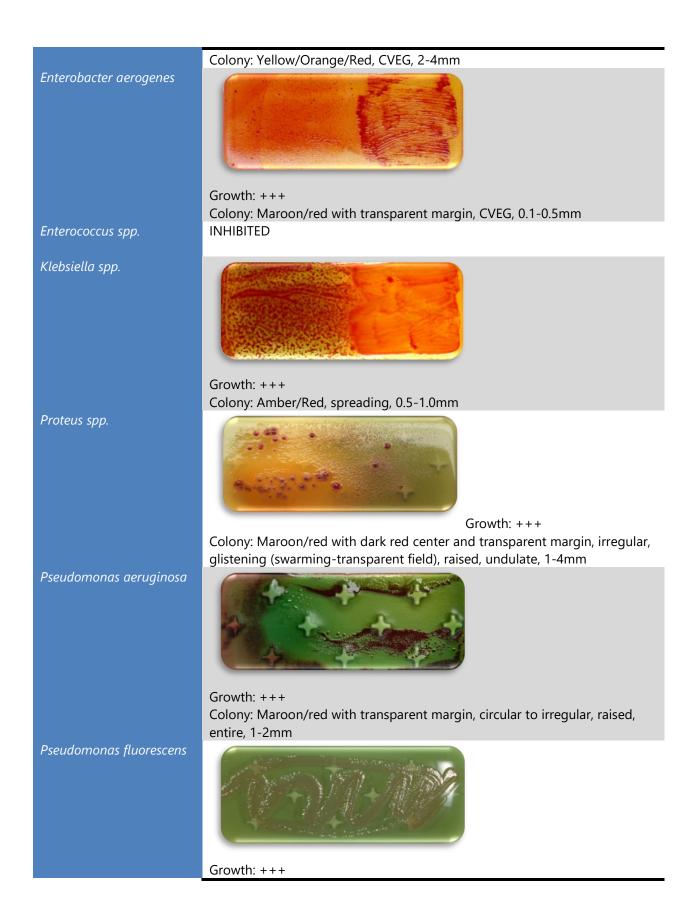
DISPOSAL

Make a 1:9 dilution of household bleach (5.25% sodium hypochlorite solution). Twist and remove Microslide[®] paddle from vial. Fill vial with 40mL diluted hypochlorite solution (to fill-line). Allow 15-minute contact time. Discard bleach solution. Replace paddle in vial and dispose. Alternatively, loosen cap and microwave for 30 seconds, autoclave, or incinerate.

IDENTIFICATION



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Streptomyces griseus



Growth: + Colony: Yellow, FED, 0.5-1.0mm PARTIAL TO COMPLETE INHIBITION

GLOSSARY

Gram (+) Bacteria

CVEG	Convex, Entire, Glossy
FED	Full, Entire, Dull
Gram	Gram reaction